EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

for

Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_X), Carbon Monoxide (CO), and Non-Methane Non-Ethane Organic Compounds (NMEOC)

EU017 & EU018

Z-330 - COMPRESSOR ENGINES 4 & 5

DTE GAS

BELLE RIVER MILLS COMPRESSOR STATION East China, Michigan

July 12 & 14, 2022

Prepared By: Environmental Management & Safety Ecology, Monitoring, and Remediation Group DTE Corporate Services, LLC 7940 Livernois G4-S Detroit, MI 48210





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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

DTE Energy's Environmental Management and Safety (EM&S) Ecology, Monitoring, and Remediation Group performed emissions testing at the DTE Gas Belle River Mills Compressor Station (SRN: B6478), located in East China, Michigan. The fieldwork was performed on July 12 & 14, 2022, to satisfy requirements of the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) Renewable Operating Permit (ROP) No. B6478-2021 and 40CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ. Emissions tests were performed on EU017 and EU018 (Z-330 Compressor Engines 4 & 5) for oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and non-methane non-ethane organic compounds (NMEOC).

The results of the emissions testing are highlighted below:

Emissions Testing Summary – EU017 & EU018 Belle River Mills Compressor Station East China, MI July 12 & 14, 2022

	Oxides of Nitrogen (g/hp-hr)	Carbon Monoxide (g/hp-hr)	Non-Methane Organic Compounds (g/hp-hr)
EU017 (engine 4)	1.9	1.7	0.4
EU018 (engine 5)	2.2	2.0	0.4
Permit Limit	3.0	3.0	1.0



1.0 INTRODUCTION

DTE Energy's Environmental Management and Safety (EM&S) Ecology, Monitoring, and Remediation Group performed emissions testing at the DTE Gas Belle River Mills Compressor Station (SRN: B6478), located in East China, Michigan. The fieldwork was performed on July 12 & 14, 2022, to satisfy requirements of the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) Renewable Operating Permit (ROP) No. B6478-2021 and 40CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ. Emissions tests were performed on EU017 and EU018 (Z-330 Compressor Engines 4 & 5) for oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and non-methane non-ethane organic compounds (NMEOC).

Testing was performed pursuant to Title 40, *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 60, Appendix A (40 CFR §60 App. A), Methods 3A, 19, and ASTM D6348.

The fieldwork was performed in accordance with EPA Reference Methods, ASTM Methods and EM&S's Intent to Test¹, which was approved by the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE)². The following EM&S personnel participated in the testing program: Mr. Mark Grigereit, Principal Engineer and Mr. Thomas Snyder, Senior Environmental Specialist. Mr. Snyder was the project leader.

Ms. Susan King, DTE Gas, provided on-site support of the testing. Ms. Regina Angellotti, EGLE, reviewed the test plan.

2.0 SOURCE DESCRIPTION

The Belle River Mills Compressor Station located at 5440 Puttygut Road, East China, Michigan, employs the use of two (#4 and #5) natural gas-fired Cooper Z-330 2-stroke lean burn 10,000 Horsepower reciprocating engines (derated to 9,000 Hp). The Z-330 compressor engines generate line pressure assisting the transmission of natural gas into and out of the gas storage field as well as to and from the pipeline transmission system in southeast Michigan.

The emissions from both Z-330 engines exhaust directly to the atmosphere through individual exhaust stacks. The compressor engines were operated at greater than 90% of the maximum load during the testing. The composition of the emissions from the engine depends on both the speed of the engine and the torque delivered to the compressor. Ambient atmospheric conditions, as it affects the density of air, may limit the speed and torque at which the engine can effectively operate.

¹ EGLE, Test Plan, Submitted March 10, 2022. (Attached-Appendix A)

² EGLE, Acceptance Letter, July 5, 2022. (Attached-Appendix A)



A schematic representation of the engine exhaust and sampling location is presented in Figure 1.

3.0 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

DTE Energy obtained emissions measurements in accordance with procedures specified in the USEPA *Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources*. The sampling and analytical methods used in the testing program are indicated in the table below

Sampling Method	Parameter	Analysis
ASTM Method D6348	NO _x , CO, VOC, CO ₂ , Moisture Content	FTIR

3.1 MOISTURE (ASTM METHOD D6348)

3.1.1 Sampling Method

Moisture content in the exhaust was evaluated using ASTM Method D6348, "Measurement of Vapor Phase Organic Emissions by Extractive Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR)".

3.2 OXIDES of NITROGEN, CARBON MONOXIDE, METHANE, ETHANE, CARBON DIOXIDE (ASTM METHOD D6348)

3.2.1 Sampling Method

Oxides of Nitrogen, Carbon Monoxide, VOC, and Carbon Dioxide emissions were evaluated using ASTM Method D6348, "Measurement of Vapor Phase Organic Emissions by Extractive Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR)". Triplicate 60-minute test runs were performed.

The ASTM D6348 sampling system (Figure 2) consisted of the following:

- (1) Single-point sampling probe
- (2) Flexible heated PTFE sampling line
- (3) Air Dimensions Heated Head Diaphragm Pump
- (4) MKS MultiGas 2030 FTIR spectrometer
- (5) Appropriate calibration gases
- (6) Data Acquisition System



The FTIR was equipped with a temperature controlled, 5.11 meter multipass gas cell maintained at 191°C. Gas flows and sampling system pressures were monitored using a rotometer and pressure transducer. All data was collected at 0.5 cm⁻¹ resolution.

3.2.2 Sampling Train Calibration

The FTIR was calibrated per procedures outlined in ASTM Method D6348. Direct measurements of nitrogen, nitric oxide (NO), carbon monoxide (CO), propane (C_3H_8), and ethylene (C_2H_4) gas standards were made at the test location to confirm concentrations.

A calibration transfer standard (CTS) was analyzed before and after testing at each location. The concentration determined for all CTS runs were within $\pm 5\%$ of the certified value of the standard. Ethylene was passed through the entire system to determine the sampling system response time and to ensure that the entire sampling system was leak-free.

Nitrogen was purged through the sampling system at each test location to confirm the system was free of contaminants.

NO, CO, and C_3H_8 gas standards were passed through the sampling system at each test location to determine the response time and confirm recovery.

NO, CO, and C_3H_8 spiking was performed to verify the ability of the sampling system to quantitatively deliver a sample containing NO, CO, and C_3H_8 from the base of the probe to the FTIR. Analyte spiking assures the ability of the FTIR to quantify NO, CO, and C_3H_8 in the presence of effluent gas.

As part of the spiking procedure, samples from each engine were measured to determine NO, CO, and C_3H_8 concentrations to be used in the spike recovery calculations. The determined sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆) concentration in the spiked and unspiked samples was used to calculate the dilution factor of the spike and thus used to calculate the concentration of the spiked NO, CO, and C_3H_8 . The following equation illustrates the percent recovery calculation.

$$DF = \frac{SF_{6(spike)}}{SF_{6(direct)}}$$
 (Sec. 9.2.3 (3) ASTM Method D6348)

 $CS = DF * Spike_{dir} + Unspike (1 - DF)$ (Sec. 9.2.3 (4) A

(Sec. 9.2.3 (4) ASTM Method D6348)



DF = Dilution factor of the spike gas $SF_{6(direct)} = SF6$ concentration measured directly in undiluted spike gas $SF_{6(spike)} = Diluted SF_6$ concentration measured in a spiked sample Spikedir = Concentration of the analyte in the spike standard measured by the FTIR directly CS = Expected concentration of the spiked samples Unspike = Native concentration of analytes in unspiked samples

All analyte spikes were introduced using an instrument grade stainless steel rotometer. The spike target dilution ratio was 1:10 or less. All NO, CO, and C_3H_8 spike recoveries were within the ASTM D6348 allowance of ±30%.

3.2.3 Quality Control and Assurance

As part of the data validation procedure, reference spectra are manually fit to that of the sample spectra and a concentration is determined. The reference spectra are scaled to match the peak amplitude of the sample, thus providing a scale factor. The scale factor multiplied by the reference spectra concentration is used to determine the concentration value for the sample spectra. Sample pressure and temperature corrections are then applied to compute the final sample concentration. The manually calculated results are then compared with the software-generated results. The data is then validated if the two concentrations are within \pm 5% agreement. If there is a difference greater than \pm 5%, the spectra are reviewed for possible spectral interferences or any other possible causes that might lead to inaccurately quantified data. PRISM Analytical Technologies, Inc. validated the FTIR data. The data validation reports are in Appendix D.

3.2.4 Data Reduction

Each spectrum was derived from the coaddition of 64 scans, with a new data point generated approximately every minute. The NO_x, CO, and VOC emissions were recorded in parts per million (ppm) dry volume basis. The moisture content was recorded in percent (%). The CO₂ emissions were recorded in percent (%) dry volume basis. Diluent concentrations were corrected for analyzer calibration drift according to Method 3A. The moisture content was recorded in percent (%).

FTIR Manufacture software calculated total non-methane- non-ethane VOC by summing the hydrocarbons measured, multiplied by each compounds' molar ratio to propane. VOCs measured consist of Propane, Butane, Ethylene, Acetylene, Propylene, Acetaldehyde, and Methanol.

The FTIR data was validated by Prism Analytical Technologies, Inc. The validation reports are in Appendix B. Emissions calculations are in Appendix D.



4.0 **OPERATING PARAMETERS**

The test program included the collection of engine torque (%), engine speed (RPM), Horsepower (BHp), inlet and exhaust manifold air temperature (°F) suction and discharge pressure (psig), fuel upper heating value (BTU), and fuel flow (100SCFH).

Operational data is in Appendix E.

5.0 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Table Nos. 1 & 2 presents the emission testing results from EU017 and EU018 while operating at greater than 90% of full load conditions. The NO_x, CO, and NMOC emissions are presented in grams per brake horsepower hour (g/bHP-Hr). Additional test data presented for each test includes the engine load in percentage (%), heat input (MMBtu/hr), and emissions (ppm). Compressor Engines 4 & 5 demonstrated compliance with NO_x, CO, and NMOC emission limits as stated in Michigan Renewable Operating Permit No. MI-ROP-B6478-2021 and 40 CFR60.4244 Subpart JJJJ.



6.0 CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I certify that I believe the information provided in this document is true, accurate, and complete. Results of testing are based on the good faith application of sound professional judgment, using techniques, factors, or standards approved by the Local, State, or Federal Governing body, or generally accepted in the trade."

Thomas Snyder, QSTI

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AIR QUALITY DIVISION



RESULTS TABLES

Gaseous Emissions Testing Results Compressor Engine No. 4 Z-330 DTE Energy, Belle River Mills Compressor Station St. Clair, Michigan

Parameter	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Sampling Date	07/12/22	07/12/22	07/12/22	
Sampling Start Time	8:42-9:42	10:02-11:02	11:22-12:22	
Gross Dry BTU	1047	1047	1047	1047
Load (%)	93.7	93.5	93.6	93.6
RPM	290	290	295	
				292
Brake-HP	8,239	8,215	8,366	8,273
Fuel Flow (100 scf/hr)	630.2	626.0	631.4	629.2
Heat Input Rate (MMBtu/Hr)	66.0	65.5	66.1	65.9
Average Outlet CO_2 Content (% dry)	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2
Average Outlet CO ₂ Content (% dry, corrected) ¹	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2
	205.5	200.2	194.3	200.0
Average Outlet CO Concentration (ppmv) (dry)				200.0
Average Outlet CO Concentration (Ib/MMBtu)	0.488	0.471	0.446	0.468
Average Outlet CO Emission Rate (lb/hr, dry)	32.19	30.87	29.50	30.85
Average Outlet CO Emission Rate (Ib/MMscf fuel)	510.78	493.10	467.23	490.37
CO Emission Rate (gram/BHP-Hr, dry)	1.77	1.70	1.60	1.7
Average Outlet NO_x Concentration (ppmv) (dry)	121.6	130.0	165.4	139.0
Average Outlet NO _x Concentration (Ib/MMBtu)	0.474	0.503	0.624	0.535
Average Outlet NO _x Emission Rate (lb/hr, dry)	31.29	32.94	41.26	35.16
Average Outlet NOx Emission Rate (lb/MMscf fuel)	496.51	526.09	653.49	558,70
NO _x Emission Rate (gram/BHP-Hr, dry)	1.7	1.8	2.2	1.9

¹corrected for analyzer drift as per USEPA Method 6C

CO₂ : carbon dioxide

CO : carbon monoxide

NO_x : oxides of nitrogen

Gaseous Emissions Testing Results Compressor Engine No. 4 Z-330 DTE Energy, Belle River Mills Compressor Station St. Clair, Michigan

Parameter	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Sampling Date	07/12/22	07/12/22	07/12/22	
Sampling Start Time	8:42-9:42	10:02-11:02	11:22-12:22	
Gross Dry BTU	1047	1047	1047	1047
Load (%)	93.7	93,5	93.6	93.6
RPM	290	290	295	292
Brake-HP	8,239	8,215	8,366	8,273
Fuel Flow (100 scf/hr)	630.2	626.0	631.4	629.2
Heat Input Rate (MMBtu/Hr)	66.0	65.5	66.1	65.9
Average Outlet CO ₂ Content (% dry, corrected) ¹	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2
THC Concentration (ppmv, as propane corrected) ⁺	25.0	26,2	28.3	26.5
THC Concentration (lb/MMBtu)	0.094	0.097	0.102	0.098
THC Emission Rate (lb/hr)	6.17	6.36	6.76	6.43
THC Emission Rate (gram/BHP-Hr)	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4

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Gaseous Emissions Testing Results Compressor Engine No. 5 Z-330 DTE Energy, Belle River Mills Compressor Station St. Clair, Michigan

Parameter	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Sampling Date	07/14/22	07/14/22	07/14/22	
Sampling Start Time	8:04-9:04	9:19-10:19	10:35-11:35	
Gross Dry BTU	1050	1050	1050	1050
Load (%)	92.9	93,3	92.4	92.9
RPM	295	295	295	295
Brake-HP	8,305	8,344	8,262	8,304
Fuel Flow (100 scf/hr)	643.1	646.5	647.5	645.7
Heat Input Rate (MMBtu/Hr)	67.5	67,9	68.0	67.8
Average Outlet CO ₂ Content (% dry)	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Average Outlet CO ₂ Content (% dry, corrected) ¹	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Average Outlet CO Concentration (ppmv) (dry)	223.6	227.8	236.5	229.3
Average Outlet CO Concentration (lb/MMBtu)	0.529	0.535	0.554	0.539
Average Outlet CO Emission Rate (lb/hr, dry)	35.76	36.35	37.65	36.59
Average Outlet CO Emission Rate (lb/MMscf fuel)	555.99	562.22	581.46	566.56
CO Emission Rate (gram/BHP-Hr, dry)	1.95	1.98	2.07	2.0
Average Outlet NO _x Concentration (ppmv) (dry)	160.4	156.5	147.4	154.7
Average Outlet NO _x Concentration (Ib/MMBtu)	0.624	0.604	0.567	0.598
Average Outlet NO _x Emission Rate (lb/hr, dry)	42.14	41.03	38.54	40.57
Average Outlet NOx Emission Rate (Ib/MMscf fuel)	655.25	634.62	595.13	628.33
NO _x Emission Rate (gram/BHP-Hr, dry)	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2

¹corrected for analyzer drift as per USEPA Method 6C

CO₂ : carbon dioxide

CO : carbon monoxide

NO_x : oxides of nitrogen

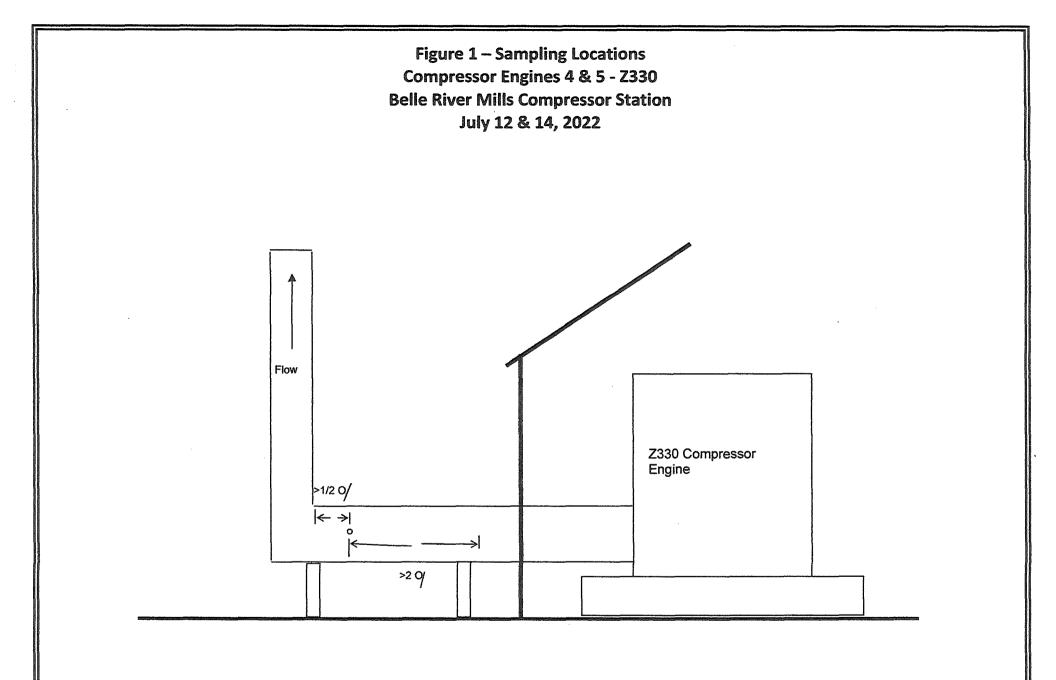
Gaseous Emissions Testing Results Compressor Engine No. 5 Z-330 DTE Energy, Belle River Mills Compressor Station St. Clair, Michigan

Parameter	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Average
Sampling Date	07/14/22	07/14/22	07/14/22	
Sampling Start Time	8:04-9:04	9:19-10:19	10:35-11:35	
Gross Dry BTU	1050	1050	1050	1050
Load (%)	92.9	93,3	92.4	92.9
RPM	295	295	295	295
Brake-HP	8,305	8,344	8,262	8,304
Fuel Flow (100 scf/hr)	643.1	646.5	647.5	645.7
Heat Input Rate (MMBtu/Hr)	67.5	67.9	68.0	67.8
Average Outlet CO ₂ Content (% dry, corrected) ¹	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
THC Concentration (ppmv, as propane corrected) ¹	30.6	31,3	30.8	30.9
THC Concentration (lb/MMBtu)	0.114	0.116	0.113	0.114
THC Emission Rate (lb/hr)	7.69	7.87	7.70	7.76
THC Emission Rate (gram/BHP-Hr)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4



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FIGURES



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