# **FINAL REPORT**





# DEARBORN INDUSTRIAL GENERATION

DEARBORN, MICHIGAN

2023 RELATIVE ACCURACY TESTING AUDIT (RATA) SOURCE TESTING REPORT PART 75: EUBOILERS 1, 2, & 3 AND EUCTG TURBINES 1, 2, & 3 RWDI #2400110 February 1, 2024

#### SUBMITTED TO

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

RWDI USA LLC (RWDI) was retained by Dearborn Industrial Generation (DIG) to complete the Relative Accuracy Testing Audit (RATA) emission sampling program at their facility located at 2400 Miller Road, Dearborn, Michigan. The test program was conducted to fulfill the requirements of the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes and Energy (EGLE) Renewable Operating Permit (ROP) # MI-ROP-N6631-2012a to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR 75, Appendices A and B. The testing program included EUBOILER1, 2 & 3 (noted as Boiler 1100 (EUBOILER1) Boiler 2100 (EUBOILER 2) and Boiler 3100 (EUBOILER3) and EUCTG TURBINE 1, 2 & 3 (noted as Turbine 1100 (EUCTG TURBINE1), Turbine 2100 (EUCTG TURBINE2) and Turbine 3100 (EUCTG TURBINE3).

The following parameters were measured/calculated in the source testing program:

Boiler 1100, Boiler 2100 and Boiler 3100 in accordance with Performance Specification 2 (PS-2) and 16 (PS-16):

- Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) (ppmvd and lb/MMBTU)
- Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) (% dry)

Turbine 1100, Turbine 2100 and Turbine 3100 in accordance with Performance Specification 2 (PS-2) and 16 (PS-16):

- Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) (ppmvd and lb/MMBTU)
- Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) (% dry)

As per Section 9.4 of Performance Specification 16, the annual RATA was completed under normal operating conditions.

	Boiler 1100	Boiler 2100	Boiler 3100 Relative Accuracy	Rata Requirement	
Parameter	(RA)	(RA)	(RA)	Annual	Semi- Annual
Oxygen Concentration (RA)	1.3%	3.6%	3.3%	10%	7.5%
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (absolute difference Idl)	0.000002 Ib/MMBTU	0.0006 lb/MMBTU	0.0008 lb/MMBTU	0.020 Ib/MMBTU	0.15 Ib/MMBTU
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (RA)	6.1%	5.6%	6.7%	10%	7.5%
Total Number of Runs	12	12	12		(
Number of Runs Used in RA	9	9	9	Minim	um of 9
BF Gas Flow (kscf/hr)	3,636.2	3,663.1	3,244.3	-	
Nat. Gas Flow (kscf/hr)	30.59	32.64	32.90		

#### Executive Table i: Results Summary - Boiler2 1100, 2100 & 3100

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### Executive Table ii: Results Summary – Turbine 1100, 2100 & 3100

	Turbine 1100 Turbine 2100		Turbine 3100 Relative Accuracy	Rata Requirement	
Parameter	Relative Accuracy (RA)	Relative Accuracy (RA)	(RA)	Annual	Semi- Annual
Oxygen Concentration (RA)	2.3%	1.6%	3.4%	10%	7.5%
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (absolute difference ldl)	0.00019 lb/MMBTU	0.00071 lb/MMBTU	0.00015 lb/MMBTU	0.020 Ib/MMBTU	0.15 Ib/MMBTU
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (RA)	4.1%	3.0%	1.3%	10%	7.5%
Total Number of Runs	12	12	12		
Number of Runs Used in RA	9	9	9	Minim	um of 9
Power Generated (MW)	181.3	193.0	186.7	-	

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

RWDI USA LLC (RWDI) was retained by Dearborn Industrial Generation (DIG) to complete the Relative Accuracy Testing Audit (RATA) emission sampling program at their facility located at 2400 Miller Road, Dearborn, Michigan. The test program was conducted to fulfill the requirements of the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes and Energy (EGLE) Renewable Operating Permit (ROP) # MI-ROP-N6631-2012a and Permit to Install (PTI) 163-17 and 8-17 to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR 75, Appendices A and B. The testing program included EUBOILER1, 2 & 3 (noted as Boiler 1100 (EUBOILER1) Boiler 2100 (EUBOILER 2) and Boiler 3100 (EUBOILER3) and EUCTG TURBINE 1, 2 & 3 (noted as Turbine 1100 (EUCTG TURBINE1), Turbine 2100 (EUCTG TURBINE2) and Turbine 3100 (EUCTG TURBINE3).

The following parameters were measured/calculated in the source testing program:

Boiler 1100, Boiler 2100 and Boiler 3100 in accordance with Performance Specification 2 (PS-2) and 16 (PS-16):

- Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) (ppmvd and lb/MMBTU)
- Oxygen (O2) (% dry)

Turbine 1100, Turbine 2100 and Turbine 3100 in accordance with Performance Specification 2 (PS-2) and 16 (PS-16):

- Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) (ppmvd and lb/MMBTU)
- Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) (% dry)

As per Section 9.4 of Performance Specification 16, the annual RATA was completed under normal operating conditions.

## 1.1 Location and Dates of Testing

The test program was completed December 5th-7th, 2023 at Dearborn Industrial Generation in Dearborn, MI.

## 1.2 Purpose of Testing

The testing was conducted to fulfill the requirements of Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes and Energy (EGLE) Renewable Operating Permit (ROP) # MI-ROP-N6631-2012a and Permit to Install (PTI) 163-17 and 8-17.

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# 1.3 Personnel Involved in Testing

Table 1.3.1:	Testing	Personnel
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<b>Personnel</b> (Title & Email)	Affiliation	Phone Number
Kathryn Cunningham Corporate Environmental Kathryn.Cunningham@cmsenergy.com		(517) 375-3043
Ken Mroczkowski Sr. Environmental Compliance Coordinator Kenneth.Mroczkowski@cmsenergy.com	CMS Energy	734-691-0795
Jonathan Lamb AQD District Office Lanbj1@michigan.gov	EGLE Detroit District Office Cadillac Place 3058 West Grand Blvd, Suite 2-300 Detroit, MI 48202	313-348-2527
Andrew Riley Technical Program Unit Rileya8@michigan.gov	EGLE Air Quality Division Technical Program Unit (TPU) Constitution Hall 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor South 525 West Allegan Street Lansing, MI 48933	586-565-7379
<b>Brad Bergeron</b> Technical Director Brad.Bergeron@rwdi.com		(248) 234-3885
Steve Smith Project Manager Steve.Smith@rwdi.com		(971) 940-5038
Mason Sakshaug Senior Scientist Mason.Sakshaug@rwdi.com		(989) 323-0355
<b>Mike Nummer</b> Senior Field Technician Michael.Nummer@rwdi.com	RWDI USA LLC 2239 Star Court Rochester Hills, MI 48309	(586) 863-8237
<b>Ben Durham</b> Senior Field Technician Ben.Durham@rwdi.com		(7 <mark>34)</mark> 474-1731
<b>Cade Smith</b> Field Technician Cade.Smith@rwdi.com		(734) 552-7270
Hunter Griggs Field Technician Hunter.Griggs@rwdi.com	and the second second	(810) 441-8351



# 1.4 Qualified Source Testing Individual - Part 75

Certification documentation regarding Part 75 requirements for Qualified Source Testing Individual for this project is provided in **Appendix G**.

# 2 SOURCE DESCRIPTION

Dearborn Industrial Generation (DIG) located at 2400 Miller Road in Dearborn, Michigan, operates three (3) natural gas fired or a mixture of Blast Furnace Gas (BFG) and natural gas (NG). The BFG to NG ratio is approximately 90% BFG and 10% NG. In addition, DIG operates two (2) combined-cycle turbines and one (1) simple-cycle turbine. The turbines are fired only with natural gas.

Each boiler is rated at an output capacity of 500,000 pounds per hour of superheated steam at a minimum pressure of 1,230 psig and a temperature of 960°F. The input capacity of the boilers while firing NG and BFG is 746 MMBTU/hr and 763 MMBTU/hr under natural gas only firing. The steam from the boilers is sent to the steam turbine for electrician generation and/or utilized as process steam. NOx from the boilers is controlled by low-NOx combustors.

The simple-cycle turbine is rated at an output capacity of 181 Megawatts (MW) and 1,638 Million British Thermal Units (MMBTU) heat input. The combined-cycle turbines are rated at an output capacity of 179 MW and 1,626 MMBTU heat input. The turbines consist of a compressor, combustion turbine, and generator. Energy is generated at the combustion turbine by drawing in ambient air by means if burning fuel and expanding the hot combustion gases in a three-stage turbine. The hot exhaust gases from the combined-cycle combustion turbines are directed to a multi-pressure heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) to produce steam. NOx is controlled by low NOx combustors. The CO and SO<sub>2</sub> are controlled by equipment combustion efficiencies and low-sulfur fuel.



# 2.1 Boilers 1100, 2100 and 3100

The sampling locations for Boilers 1100, 2100 and 3100 is through individual stacks.

Table 2.1.1: Summary of Sampling Program – Boilers 1100, 2100 and 3100

	Boiler 1100	Boiler 2100	Boiler 3100
Emission Unit Description [Including Process Equipment & Control Device(s)]	Each boiler is nominally rated a minimum pressure of 1350 psi firing on natural gas and blast fi only. Steam from boilers is deliv All boiler	t an output of 500,000 pounds of g at a temperature of 960°F. Hea urnace gas is 746 MMBTU/hr and rered to stream turbine for electr s are equipped with low-NOx co	hour of superheated steam at a at input rating of each unit when 763 MMBTU/hr with natural gas ical generation or process steam. mbustors.
Parameter Tested		O <sub>2</sub> and NOx	
Stack Dimensions	126"	126"	126"
Traverse Points	3	3	3
Testing Monitoring Methods		Refer to Section 3.0	

The sampling ports for the RATA testing are located outside the building within the exhaust duct. During the RATA, DIG personnel operated each of the boilers to ensure they are operating at normal operating loads and that each boiler was utilizing at least 90% BFG on a volume basis.

For each 21-minute test, three (3) points were traversed as per Performance Specification 2 Section 8.1.3.2 located on a line at 0.4m 1.2m and 2.0m from the stack wall (16", 47" and 79" from stack wall) as noted in the Source Testing Plan.

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# 2.2 Turbines 1100, 2100 and 3100

The sampling locations for Turbines 1100, 2100 and 3100 is through individual stacks.

Table 2.2.1: Summary of Sampling Program – Turbines 1100, 2100 and 3100

	Turbine 1100	Turbine 2100	Turbine 3100
Emission Unit Description [Including Process Equipment & Control Device(s)]	Simple-cycle turbine fired by natural gas, nominally rated at an output capacity of 181 Megawatts (MW) and 1,638 MMTU/hr heat input. Low-NOx combustors installed to minimize NOx emissions. CO and SO2 are minimized by the efficient combustion and low- sulfur fuel (natural gas)	Each Turbine is a combined-cy Each have a nominally rated Megawatts (MW) and 1,626 M combustors installed to minimi are minimized by the efficient (natur	cle turbine fired by natural gas. at an output capacity of 179 IMTU/hr heat input. Low-NOx ze NOx emissions. CO and SO2 combustion and low-sulfur fuel al gas)
Parameter Tested		$O_2$ and $NO_x$	
Stack Dimensions	19' x 22'	210″	210"
Traverse Points	3	3	3
Testing Monitoring Methods		Refer to Section 4.0	
Testing Schedule		Refer to Section 1.2	

The sampling ports for the RATA testing are located outside the building within the exhaust duct. During the RATA, DIG personnel operated each of the turbine to ensure they are operating within at least 90% of maximum load. For each 21-minute test, three (3) points were traversed as per Performance Specification 2 Section 8.1.3.2 located on a line at 0.4m 1.2m and 2.0m from the stack wall (16", 47" and 79" from stack wall) as noted in the Source Testing Plan.

# 2.3 Operating Data

Dearborn Industrial Generation personnel collected the process data and verified the unit was operating correctly and production was at acceptable capacity. The process data can be found in **Appendix A**.

## 2.4 Applicable Permit Number

MI-ROP-N6631-2012a and PTI 163-17 and 8-17.

# 2.5 Description of Process and Emission Control Equipment

All boilers and turbines are equipped with low-NO<sub>x</sub> combustors to minimize NO<sub>x</sub> emissions.



# 2.6 Process Flow Sheet or Diagram (if applicable)

Process flow diagram is available upon request.

# 2.7 Type and Quantity of Raw and Finished Materials

This a power generation facility.

# 2.8 Normal Rated Capacity of Process

Each boiler is nominally rated at an output of 500,000 pounds of hour of superheated steam at a minimum pressure of 1350 psig at a temperature of 960°F. Heat input rating of each unit when firing on natural gas and blast furnace gas is 746 MMBTU/hr and 763 MMBTU/hr with natural gas only. Turbine 1100 is a simple-cycle turbine fired by natural gas, nominally rated at an output capacity of 181 Megawatts (MW) and 1,638 MMTU/hr heat input

Turbines 2100 and 3100 are combined-cycle turbines fired by natural gas. Each are nominally rated at an output capacity of 179 Megawatts (MW) and 1,626 MMTU/hr heat input.

# 2.9 Process Instrumentation Monitored During the Test

Plant personnel recorded the following process data:

#### Boilers 1100, 2100, and 3100

- Steam load rate (lb/hr)
- Natural gas usage
- Blast Furnace Gas (BFG) usage
- Site Specific F-Factor
- PEMs data

The DIG site monitors heat input to the boilers per ROP requirements. DIG also monitors steam load (klb/hr); however, does not have steam load by the minute increment within the data acquisition and handling system. Steam load is calculated on an hourly basis for EPA EDR reporting. While steam load is provided in the process data within this report, it should not be considered valid minute data. Blast Furnace Gas (BFG) and Natural Gas flow rate process data is provided for the stack test run times for the Boiler Units. Hourly steam load can be provided upon request.

#### Turbines 1100, 2100, and 3100

- Natural gas usage
- MW generation
- PEMs data

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# 2.10 Predictive Emission Monitors Specifications

Boilers 1100, 2100 and 3100 and Turbine 1100, 2100 and 3100 are equipped with the CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75 PEMS. The SmartCEMS®-75 PEMS are PLC-based system which calculates pollutant emissions from sensors inputs using high-order polynomial equations. The process sensor inputs are read by the PLC via signals from the facility distributive control system (DCS). Sensor data is validated, and predicted gas concentrations for each sensor are calculated using relationships that are defined by calculating a weighted average of the individual predictions. The PEMS hardware is comprised of four (4) basic components: the PLC, a touch panel PC, a data historian, and report server.

The CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75 PEMS records data continuously and generates reports in compliance with 40 CFR Part 60 and Part 75 regulations. These reports can be operated on any workstation on the local area network and provide the operators information on compliance status of the boilers and turbines in real-time.

The CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75 PEMS at Dearborn Industrial have the following Serial Numbers:

Unit	Model	Serial Number
Boiler 1100	CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75	DIG.BL1100.256738
Boiler 2100	CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75	DIG.BL2100.256738
Boiler 3100	CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75	DIG.BL3100.256738
Turbine 1100	CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75	DIG.GT1100.97341
Turbine 2100	CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75	DIG.GT2100.52081
Turbine 3100	CMC Solutions SmartCEMS®-75	DIG.GT3100.52081

## 2.11 Reference Method Analyzers

The following outlines the Reference Method analyzers used on-site during the RATA testing.

Pollutant	Specifications			
	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Range	
Nitrogen Oxide	Teledyne T200H	942	0-5,000 ppm	
Nitrogen Oxide	Teledyne T200H	851	0-5,000 ppm	
Oxygen	Teledyne T200H	851	0-100%	
Oxygen	Servomex 4900 Multigas	200116	0-100%	

#### Table 2.11.1: Reference Method (RM) CEMS Analyzers

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# 3 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

# 3.1 Description of Sampling Train and Field Procedures

#### 3.1.1 Summary of Specific Methodologies for Boiler 1100, 2100 and 3100

#### 3.1.1.1 Relative Accuracy Testing Audit (RATA) O2 and NO\*

To satisfy the NOx PEMs data accuracy requirement, the relative accuracy result for a minimum of nine performance test runs must meet the criteria outlined in section 13.1 of the US EPA Performance Specification 16. A 21-minute period is used for each test run. To satisfy the O<sub>2</sub> PEMs data accuracy requirement, the relative accuracy result for a minimum of nine performance test runs must be less than or equal to 1.0% absolute O<sub>2</sub>. As per Performance Specification 2 Section 8.1.3.2 the sampling points were located on a line at 0.4m 1.2m and 2.0m from the stack wall (16", 47" and 79" from stack wall). Each point was 7 minutes in duration for each RATA run.

Prior to the RATA, a NO<sub>2</sub>-to-NO conversion efficiency check was performed. It must meet the criteria of  $\geq$  90%. Also prior to the RATA, an interference response test was performed on the analyzers used for this test program.

RWDI operated the reference method heated line at between 250 and 340°F to avoid any condensation. The RATA data for NOx was calculated for measurements reported in ppmvd and lb/MMBTU for NOx. O<sub>2</sub> was measured as %-dry.

#### Method Listing:

The following test methods are referenced for the test program. These methods can be found in 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A and B.

Method 3A: Determination of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources.

Method 7E: Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources.

- Method 19: Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide and Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rates.
- **Performance Specification 2:** Specifications and Test Procedures for SO<sub>2</sub> and NOx Continuous Emissions Monitoring Systems in Stationary Sources

Performance Specification 16: Specifications and Test Procedures for Predictive Emission Monitoring Systems in Stationary Sources.

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#### EPA Method 3A and 7E (O2 and NOx):

A three-point (zero, mid-, and high-range) analyzer calibration error check is conducted on each reference analyzer before initiating the relative accuracy testing. This check is conducted (after final calibration adjustments are made) by injecting the calibration gases directly into each gas analyzer and recording the responses.

Zero and upscale calibration checks are conducted both before and after each test run in order to quantify measurement system calibration drift and sampling system bias. Upscale is either the mid- or high-range gas, whichever most closely approximates the flue gas level. During these checks, the calibration gases are introduced into the sampling system at the probe outlet so that the calibration gases are analyzed in the same manner as the flue gas samples.

A gas sample is continuously extracted from the stack and delivered to a series of gas analyzers, which measure the pollutant or diluent concentrations in the gas. The analyzers are calibrated on-site using EPA Protocol No. 1 certified calibration mixtures. The probe tip is equipped with a sintered stainless-steel filter for particulate removal. The end of the probe is connected to a heated Teflon sample line, which delivers the sample gases from the stack to the CEM system. The heated sample line is designed to maintain the gas temperature above 250°F in order to prevent condensation of stack gas moisture within the line.

Before entering the analyzers, the gas sample passes directly into a refrigerated condenser, which cools the gas to approximately 35°F to remove the stack gas moisture. After passing through the condenser, the dry gas enters a Teflon-head diaphragm pump and a flow control panel, which delivers the gas in series to the O<sub>2</sub> and NOx analyzers. Each of these analyzers measures the respective gas concentrations on a dry volumetric basis.

#### NOx Emission Rate Calculation (US EPA Methods 19):

USEPA Method 19, "Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide and Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rates," was used to calculate a NOx emission rates based on Oxygen concentrations and appropriate F-factors. Equation 19-1 from the method was used. Table 19-1 was used to determine the conversion factor for concentration (1.194x10<sup>-7</sup> for NO<sub>x</sub>). A site specific F-Factor was provided for the Boilers based on mixture of natural gas and blast furnace gas (BFG).

E = (1.194x10<sup>-7</sup>) x Cd x Fd x ((20.9/(20.9-%O<sub>2d</sub>)) for NO<sub>x</sub>

Where:

E = Pollutant Emission Rate (lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU) C<sub>d</sub> = Pollutant Concentration, Dry Basis (ppm) F<sub>d</sub> = Fuel Factor, Dry Basis (dscf/10<sup>6</sup> BTU) %O<sub>2d</sub> = Oxygen Concentration, Dry Basis (%)

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#### 3.1.2 Summary of Specific Methodologies for Turbine 1100, 2100 and 3100

#### 3.1.2.1 Relative Accuracy Testing Audit (RATA) O2 and NOx

To satisfy the NOx PEMs data accuracy requirement, the relative accuracy result for a minimum of nine performance test runs must meet the criteria outlined in section 13.1 of the US EPA Performance Specification 16. A 21-minute period was used for each test run. To satisfy the O<sub>2</sub> PEMs data accuracy requirement, the relative accuracy result for a minimum of nine performance test runs must be less than or equal to 1.0% absolute O<sub>2</sub>. As per Performance Specification 2 Section 8.1.3.2 the sampling points were located on a line at 0.4m 1.2m and 2.0m from the stack wall (16", 47" and 79" from stack wall). Each point was 7 minutes in duration for each RATA run.

Prior to the RATA, a NO<sub>2</sub>-to-NO conversion efficiency check was performed. It must meet the criteria of  $\geq$  90%. Also prior to the RATA, an interference response test was performed on the analyzers used for this test program.

RWDI operated our heated line at between 250 and 340°F to avoid any condensation. The RATA data for NOx was calculated for measurements reported in ppmvd and lb/MMBTU. O<sub>2</sub> was measured as %-dry.

#### Method Listing:

The following test methods are referenced for the test program. These methods can be found in 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A and B.

Method 3A: Determination of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources.

Method 7E: Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources.

Method 19: Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide and Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rates.

**Performance Specification 2:** Specifications and Test Procedures for SO<sub>2</sub> and NOx Continuous Emissions Monitoring Systems in Stationary Sources

Performance Specification 16: Specifications and Test Procedures for Predictive Emission Monitoring Systems in Stationary Sources.

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#### EPA Method 3A and 7E (O2 and NOx):

A three-point (zero, mid-, and high-range) analyzer calibration error check is conducted on each reference analyzer before initiating the relative accuracy testing. This check is conducted (after final calibration adjustments are made) by injecting the calibration gases directly into each gas analyzer and recording the responses.

Zero and upscale calibration checks are conducted both before and after each test run in order to quantify measurement system calibration drift and sampling system bias. Upscale is either the mid- or high-range gas, whichever most closely approximates the flue gas level. During these checks, the calibration gases are introduced into the sampling system at the probe outlet so that the calibration gases are analyzed in the same manner as the flue gas samples.

A gas sample is continuously extracted from the stack and delivered to a series of gas analyzers, which measure the pollutant or diluent concentrations in the gas. The analyzers are calibrated on-site using EPA Protocol No. 1 certified calibration mixtures. The probe tip is equipped with a sintered stainless-steel filter for particulate removal. The end of the probe is connected to a heated Teflon sample line, which delivers the sample gases from the stack to the CEM system. The heated sample line is designed to maintain the gas temperature above 250°F in order to prevent condensation of stack gas moisture within the line.

Before entering the analyzers, the gas sample passes directly into a refrigerated condenser, which cools the gas to approximately 35°F to remove the stack gas moisture. After passing through the condenser, the dry gas enters a Teflon-head diaphragm pump and a flow control panel, which delivers the gas in series to the O<sub>2</sub> and NOx analyzers. Each of these analyzers measures the respective gas concentrations on a dry volumetric basis.

#### NOx Emission Rate Calculation (US EPA Methods 19):

USEPA Method 19, "Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide and Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rates," was used to calculate a NOx emission factor based on Oxygen concentrations and appropriate F-factors. Equation 19-1 from the method was used. Table 19-1 was used to determine the conversion factor for concentration (1.194x10<sup>-7</sup> for NOx). Table 19-2 was used for the F-Factor (natural gas 8,710 dscf/10<sup>6</sup> BTU).

E = (1.194x10<sup>-7</sup>) x C<sub>d</sub> x F<sub>d</sub> x ((20.9/(20.9-%O<sub>2d</sub>)) for NO<sub>x</sub>

Where:

E = Pollutant Emission Rate (lb/10<sup>6</sup> BTU) C<sub>d</sub> = Pollutant Concentration, Dry Basis (ppm) F<sub>d</sub> = Fuel Factor, Dry Basis (dscf/10<sup>6</sup> BTU) %O<sub>2d</sub> = Oxygen Concentration, Dry Basis (%)



# 3.2 Description of Recovery and Analytical Procedures

There were no samples to recover during this test program. All testing used real time data from the analyzers.

# 3.3 Sampling Port Description

Stack figures can be found in the Figures Tab.

# 4 PERFORMANCE LIMITS

The applicable emission limits are outlined below.

Table 4.1: Part 75 RA Requirements - Boilers 1100, 2100 & 3100 and Turbines 1100, 2100 & 3100

Source	Parameter	Semi-Annual RATA Requirement	Annual RATA Requirement
Boiler 1100	O <sub>2</sub>	10% RA	7.5% RA
Boiler 2100 Boiler 3100	NOx	10% RA ± 0.020 lb/MMBTU	7.5% RA ± 0.015 lb/MMBTU
Turbine 1100	O <sub>2</sub>	10% RA	7.5% RA
Turbine 2100 Turbine 3100	NOx	10% RA ± 0.020 lb/MMBTU	7.5% RA ± 0.015 lb/MMBTU

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# 5 TEST RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

# 5.1 Detailed Results

Table 5.1.1: Results Summary - Boilers 1100, 2100 & 3100

	Boiler 1100	Boiler 2100	Boiler 3100 Relative Accuracy	Rata Req	uirement
Parameter	(RA)	(RA)	(RA)	Annual	Semi- Annual
Oxygen Concentration (RA)	1.3%	3.6%	3.3%	10%	7.5%
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (absolute difference Idl)	0.000002 Ib/MMBTU	0.0006 lb/MMBTU	0.0008 lb/MMBTU	0.020 Ib/MMBTU	0.15 Ib/MMBTU
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (RA)	6.1%	5.6%	6.7%	10%	7.5%
Total Number of Runs	12	12	12		
Number of Runs Used in RA	9	9	9	Minim	um of 9
BF Gas Flow (kscf/hr)	3,636.2	3,663.1	3,244.3		
Nat. Gas Flow (kscf/hr)	30.59	32.64	32.90		**

#### Table ii: Results Summary - Turbines 1100, 2100 & 3100

	Turbine 1100	Turbine 2100	Turbine 3100 Relative Accuracy	Rata Req	uirement
Parameter	(RA)	(RA)	(RA)	Annual	Semi- Annual
Oxygen Concentration (RA)	2.3%	1.6%	3.4%	10%	7.5%
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (absolute difference Idl)	0.00019 lb/MMBTU	0.00071 lb/MMBTU	0.00015 lb/MMBTU	0.020 Ib/MMBTU	0.15 Ib/MMBTU
Nitrogen Oxide Emission Rate (RA)	4.1%	3.0%	1.3%	10%	7.5%
Total Number of Runs	12	12	12		
Number of Runs Used in RA	9	9	9	Minim	um of 9
Power Generated (MW)	181.3	193.0	186.7		

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# 5.2 Discussion of Results

Based on the results of the RATA, all analytes were determined to be within acceptable Relative Accuracy (RA) tolerances as per USEPA Performance Specification 2 and 16.

The CEMS spreadsheets can be found in Appendix B.

# 5.3 Variations in Testing Procedures

No variations.

## 5.4 Process Upset Conditions During Testing

There were normal process breaks during production.

## 5.5 Maintenance Performed in Last Three Months

Only routine maintenance has been performed.

## 5.6 Re-Test

This was not a retest.

## 5.7 Audit Samples

This test did not require any audit samples.

### 5.8 Field Data Sheets

Field data sheets can be found in Appendix C.

## 5.9 Calibration Records

Calibration records can be found in Appendix D.

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# 5.10 Sample Calculations

Sample calculations can be found in **Appendix E**.

## 5.11 Laboratory Data

There was no laboratory data from this testing program.

## 5.12 Source Testing Plan

Source testing plan and EGLE correspondence can be found in Appendix F.



# TABLES

1



# Table 1 - Boiler 1100 - 2023 RATA Results - Part 75

Date: Thursday, December 07, 2023

1 State	RW	DI Time		N	Ox	A CONSTRUCTION	NC	x Emission Ra	te	1		D <sub>2</sub>	in the	St. C. 1	Nat. Gas
Test	Start Time	End Time	RM (dppm)	RM cor	PEMS (ppm)	di (ppm)	RM (Ib/MMBTU	PEMS (Ib/MMBTU)	di (lb/min)	RM (d%)	RM (cor%)	PEMS	di (%)	BF Gas Flow	Flow (kscf/hr)
1	7:12	7:32	10.93	10.68	11.56	-0.88	0.0217	0.0230	-0.0013	3.80	3.81	3.71	0.11	3,734.1	30.59
2	7:45	8:05	10.95	10.72	11.69	-0.97	0.0218	0.0240	-0.0022	3.78	3.83	3.67	0.15	3,767.6	30.57
3	8:21	8:41	12.02	11.80	10.69	1.11	0.0243	0.0220	0.0023	<del>3.99</del>	4.04	3.75	0.30	3,662.1	30.58
4	8:56	9:16	<del>13.95</del>	<del>13.86</del>	<del>10.85</del>	3.00	0.0282	0.0220	0.0062	3.75	3.80	3.72	0.07	3,683.6	30.59
5	9:33	9:53	<del>13.31</del>	<del>13.21</del>	<del>10.59</del>	<del>2.61</del>	0.0268	0.0210	0.0058	3.71	3.76	3.76	0.00	3,630.4	30.60
6	10:06	10:26	<del>12,62</del>	<del>12.33</del>	10.71	4,63	0.0250	0.0220	0.0030	3.71	3.76	3.76	-0.01	3,622.3	30.61
7	10:40	11:00	11.00	10.52	10.33	0.19	0.0214	0.0210	0.0004	3.77	3.82	3.86	-0.04	3,487.5	30.61
8	11:11	11:31	10.73	10.21	11.08	-0.87	0.0208	0.0220	-0.0012	3.76	3.81	3.77	0.05	3,624.1	30.60
9	11:42	12:02	11.10	10.59	11.31	-0.72	0.0214	0.0230	-0.0016	3.65	3.70	3.73	-0.03	3,593.5	30.58
10	12:18	12:38	11.58	11.01	11.44	-0.42	0.0222	0.0230	-0.0008	3.61	3.65	3.72	-0.07	3,704.7	30.57
11	12:51	13:11	12.01	11.42	10.48	0.95	0.0232	0.0210	0.0022	3.73	3.77	3.85	-0.07	3,519.4	30.59
12	13:34	13:54	12.46	11.93	10.89	1.05	0.0243	0.0220	0.0023	3.78	3.82	3.80	0.01	3,604.9	30.58
		AVERAGE		10.99	11.05	-0.06	0.022	0.022	-0.000002	-	3.76	3.77	-0.010	3,636.2	30,59
		STDS		0.60	0.49	0.89	0.001	0.001	0.002	-	0.057	0.052	0.049	-	-
		n		ş	9			9				9			
		Full Scale		10	2.3			-			21	.13			
		t <sub>0.975</sub>		2.3	06			2.262			2.3	306			
		1 d I		0.0	06			0.000002			0.	01			
		I cc I		0.0	69			0.0014			0.	04			
	1	Bias present? (IdI > Iccl)		no	bias			no bias			no	bias			
		Bias Factor		0.5	99			1.00			1.	00			
	Relat	ive Accuracy (20% limit)		6.1	8%			6.1%			1.	3%			
	RATA = RA 7.5	% for NOx and O2		6.8 %	= Pass			6.1 % = Pass			1.27%	= Pass			
-	RATA = <0.015 lb.	MMBTU for NOx ER			-		0.00000	2 Ib/MMBTU =	Pass			-			

Notes:

RM = Reference Method (RWDI measurements)

PEMS = Predictive Emission Monitors (DIG data) di = Difference between PEMS and RM for each point

n = number of tests

I d I = Absolute mean difference between the PEMS and RM results

For measurements less than 20 ppm the difference must be < 2 ppm for NO<sub>x</sub> and < 1 % for O<sub>2</sub>

## Table 2 - Boiler 2100 - 2023 RATA Results - Part 75

Date: Wednesday, December 06, 2023

Ballon and	RWD	Time	Balling of the	N	Ox		NC	x Emission Rat	te	a Bell	1.1490	D <sub>2</sub>	11 735 20	BF Gas Flow	Nat. Gas
Test	Start Time	End Time	RM (dppm)	RM cor	PEMS (ppm)	di (ppm)	RM (Ib/MMBTU	PEMS (Ib/MMBTU)	di (lb/min)	RM (d%)	RM (cor%)	PEMS (%)	di (%)	Rate (kscf/hr)	Flow Rate (kscf/hr)
1	7:48	8:08	12.83	12.38	13.31	-0.94	0.0260	0.0280	-0.0020	4.40	4.41	4.62	<del>-0.21</del>	3,530.9	32.95
2	8:21	8:41	<del>14.85</del>	<del>14.49</del>	<del>13.20</del>	<del>1.30</del>	0.0305	0.0280	0.0025	4.38	4.43	4.63	-0.20	3,493.3	32.95
3	8:55	9:15	<del>15.51</del>	<del>15.25</del>	<del>13.96</del>	<del>1.29</del>	0.0322	0.0290	0.0032	4.48	4 <del>.52</del>	4.28	0.24	3,525.8	32.94
4	9:29	9:49	13.95	13.76	14.44	-0.69	0.0289	0.0300	-0.0011	4.36	4.40	4.27	0.13	3,598.0	32.95
5	10:06	10:26	13.65	13.40	14.20	-0.80	0.0282	0.0300	-0.0018	4.37	4.41	4.32	0.09	3,669.8	32.95
6	10:44	11:04	14.75	14.50	<del>13.2</del> 6	1.25	0.0305	0.0280	0.0025	4.34	4.39	4.33	0.06	3,631.2	32.89
7	11:15	11:35	13.72	13.45	13.05	0.40	0.0282	0.0270	0.0012	4.32	4.37	4.26	0.12	3,642.8	32.30
8	11:45	12:05	13.37	13.09	13.84	-0.75	0.0275	0.0290	-0.0015	4.35	4.40	4.25	0.15	3,676.0	32.27
9	12:19	12:39	13.33	13.00	13.68	-0.68	0.0275	0.0290	-0.0015	4.41	4.47	4.28	0.19	3,695.4	32.33
10	12:55	13:15	13.98	13.69	13.55	0.15	0.0290	0.0280	0.0010	4.44	4.49	4.23	0.26	3,730.2	32.45
11	13:27	13:47	13.15	12.89	12.98	-0.09	0.0270	0.0270	0.0000	4.32	4.37	4.25	0.11	3,689.8	32.34
12	14:23	14:43	13.27	12.95	12.88	0.07	0.0271	0.0270	0.0001	4.30	4.34	4.43	-0.09	3,713.2	32.40
		AVERAGE	-	13.18	13.55	-0.37	0.028	0.028	-0.0006	-	4.40	4.33	0.06	3,633.1	32.64
		STDS	-	0.44	0.55	0.50	0.0010	0.0012	0.0012	_	0.04	0.12	0.13	-	-
		n		3	9			9				9			
		Full Scale		10	2.3			-			2	1.13			
		t <sub>0.975</sub>		2.3	306			2.262			2.	306			
		I d I		0.	37			0.0006			0	.06			
		I cc I		0.	38			0.0009			0	.10			
	В	ias present? (IdI > Iccl)		no	bias			no bias			no	bias			
		Bias Factor		0.	97	l na na an		0.98			1	.01			
	Relativ	ve Accuracy (20% limit)		5.	7%			5.6%	no por linno i		3	.6%			
	RATA = RA 7.5%	6 for NOx and O2		5.7 %	= Pass			5.6 % = Pass			3.64%	= Pass			
	RATA = <0.015 lb/l	MMBTU for NOx ER			-		0.0006	2 Ib/MMBTU =	Pass			-		1	

Notes:

RM = Reference Method (RWDI measurements)

PEMS = Predictive Emission Monitors (DIG data)

di = Difference between PEMS and RM for each point

n = number of tests

I d I = Absolute mean difference between the PEMS and RM results

# Table 3 - Boiler 3100 - 2023 RATA Results - Part 75

Date: Tuesday, December 05, 2023

	RWI	DI Time		N	Ox		NC	x Emission Ra	te			O <sub>2</sub>			Nat. Gas
Test	Start Time	End	RM (dpom)	RM	PEMS	di	RM (ID/MARTIL	PEMS	di (Ib/min)	RM (d9()	RM (cost)()	PEMS	di	BF Gas Flow	Flow
1	7:50	8:10	(dppm) 12.70	12.30	11.83	0.47	0.0268	0.0270	-0.0002	(0%) 5.02	5.04	(%) 5.51	-0.48	(KSCI/NF)	(KSCI/NF)
2	8:50	9:10	13,18	12.96	13.33	-0.37	0.0306	0.0290	0.0016	6.18	6-26	4.98	1.28	3 253 4	32.00
3	9:30	9:50	15.19	15.19	12.96	2.24	0.0338	0.0280	0.0058	5.30	5.37	4.98	0.40	3 262 5	32.83
4	10:03	10:23	14.28	14.32	12.71	1.61	0.0313	0.0280	0.0033	5.05	5,12	4.98	0.14	3.261.7	32.88
5	10:38	10:58	13.30	13.27	14.25	-0.98	0.0290	0.0310	-0.0020	5.01	5.07	4.94	0.14	3.297.8	32.89
6	11:10	11:30	14.07	14.11	13.41	0.70	0.0309	0.0290	0.0019	5.06	5.12	4.99	0.13	3,245.7	32.88
7	11:42	12:02	14.95	15.14	13.72	1.42	0.0331	0.0300	0.0031	5.06	5.11	4.97	0.14	3,279.3	32.84
8	12:24	12:44	13.00	13.13	13.38	-0.25	0.0290	0.0290	0.0000	5.21	5.27	5.10	0.17	3,110.6	32.89
9	12:54	13:14	13.15	13.31	13.58	-0.27	0.0292	0.0290	0.0002	5.13	5.18	4.98	0.20	3,191.9	32.95
10	13:26	13:46	13.04	13.16	13.41	-0.25	0.0288	0.0290	-0.0002	5.04	5.09	4.96	0.13	3,311.0	32.93
11	13:59	14:19	<del>15,29</del>	<del>15.39</del>	<del>13.33</del>	2.07	0.0338	0.0290	0.0048	5.10	5.16	5.03	0.13	3,203.8	32.93
12	14:32	14:52	<del>15.87</del>	<del>15.82</del>	<del>13.85</del>	<del>1.97</del>	0.0347	0.0300	0.0047	5.07	5.14	4.97	0.18	3,285.5	32.92
		AVERAGE		13.52	13.29	0.23	0.030	0.029	0.0008		5.14	4.99	0.15	3,244.3	32.90
		STDS	.—)	0.85	0.68	0.88	0.002	0.001	0.002		0.06	0.05	0.03		-
		n		ç	9			9	_		2	9			
		Full Scale		10	2.3			94 C			2'	1.13			
		t <sub>0.975</sub>		2,3	06			2.262			2.3	306			
		l d l		0.	23			0.0008			0.	.15			
		I cc I		0.	67			0.0013			0.	.02			
	E	Bias present? (IdI > Iccl)		no	bias			no bias			bias j	present			
		Bias Factor		1.	02			1.03			1.	.03			
	Relati	ive Accuracy (20% limit)		6.	7%			7.3%			3.	.3%			
	RATA = RA 7.5%	% for NOx and O2		6.7 %	= Pass			7.3 % = Pass			3.31%	= Pass			
	RATA = <0.015 lb/	MMBTU for NOx ER			-		0.0008	5 lb/MMBTU =	Pass			-		]	
	Notes:	RM = Reference Method	(RWDI meas	urements)										1	

RM = Reference Method (RWDI measurements) PEMS = Predictive Emission Monitors (DIG data)

di = Difference between PEMS and RM for each point

n = number of tests

I d I = Absolute mean difference between the PEMS and RM results

# Table 4 - Turbine 1100 - 2023 RATA Results - Part 75

Date: Thursday, December 07, 2023

	RW	DI Time		N	Ox			NOx Emission Rate				0 <sub>2</sub>		
Test	Start Time	End	RM (dppm)	RM cor	PEMS (ppm)	di (ppm)	RM (Ib/MMBTU	PEMS (Ib/MMBTU)	di (lb/min)	RM (d%)	RM (cor%)	PEMS	di (%)	Load (M\A/)
1	7:13	7:33	10.10	10.33	10.15	0.17	0.0288	0.0300	-0.0012	<del>13.05</del>	<del>13,11</del>	13.60	-0.49	182.4
2	7:46	8:06	10.09	10.39	10.13	0.26	0.0292	0.0300	-0.0008	13.06	13.17	13.61	-0,44	182.4
3	8:25	8:45	10.09	10.38	10.22	0.16	0.0292	0.0300	-0.0008	13.06	13.18	13.41	-0.24	182.6
4	8:55	9:15	<del>10.06</del>	<del>10.39</del>	<del>10.11</del>	0.28	0.0292	0.0300	-0.0008	13.06	13.17	13.62	-0.45	182.4
5	9:27	9:47	9.99	10.32	10.09	0.23	0.0291	0.0300	-0.0009	13.07	13.18	13.64	-0.46	181.8
6	10:00	10:20	9.94	10.23	10.07	0.16	0.0288	0.0280	0.0008	13.07	13.18	13.12	0.06	181.3
7	10:31	10:51	9.94	10.25	10.02	0.23	0.0288	0.0270	0.0018	13.08	13.18	12.90	0.28	180.7
8	11:04	11:24	9.91	10.20	10.03	0.17	0.0288	0.0270	0.0018	13.09	13.19	12.86	0.33	180.0
9	11:34	11:54	9.90	10.17	10.03	0.14	0.0287	0.0270	0.0017	13.09	13.20	12.92	0.28	179.7
10	12:05	12:25	9.91	10,19	10.05	0.13	0.0288	0.0270	0.0018	13.09	13.21	12.82	0.39	179.5
		AVERAGE	-	10.27	10.09	0.19	0.0290	0.0288	0.00019	-	13.18	13.21	-0.027	181.3
		STDS	-	0.084	0.067	0.044	0.00022	0.0015	0.0013	-	0.013	0.36	0.37	_
		n		9	Э			9				9		
		Full Scale		10	2.6			-			21	1.05		
1		t <sub>0,975</sub>		2.3	06			2.262			2.3	306		
		I d I		0.	19			0.0002			0.	03		
		I cc I		0.	03			0.0010			0.	28		
		Bias present? (IdI > IccI)	pellip Herman	bias p	resent			no bias			no	bias		
	a dia dia mandri dia	Bias Factor		1.	02			1.01			1.	00	lue er j	
	Relati	ive Accuracy (20% limit)		2.	1%			4.1%			2.	3%		
	RATA = RA 7.5	% for NOx and O2		2.13 %	= Pass			4.1 % = Pass			2.34 %	= Pass		
	RATA = <0.015 lb	/MMBTU for NOx ER			-		0.0	0019 Ib/MMBTU = P	ass			-		

Notes:

RM = Reference Method (RWDI measurements) PEMS = Predictive Emission Monitors (DIG data)

di = Difference between PEMS and RM for each point

n = number of tests

I d I = Absolute mean difference between the PEMS and RM results

For measurements less than 20 ppm the difference must be < 2 ppm for NO\_x and < 1 % for  $O_{\rm 2}$ 

# Table 5 - Turbine 2100 - 2023 RATA Results - Part 75

Date: Wednesday, December 06, 2023

100	RWD	01 Time		N	Ox			NOx Emission Rate			(	O <sub>2</sub>		
Test	Start Time	End Time	RM (dppm)	RM cor	PEMS (ppm)	di (ppm)	RM (Ib/MMBTU	PEMS (Ib/MMBTU)	di (lb/min)	RM (d%)	RN (cor%)	PEMS (%)	di (%)	Load (MW)
1	7:40	8:00	10.50	10.54	10.64	-0.11	0.0293	0.0290	0.0003	12.97	13.08	12.87	0.21	194.1
2	8:16	8:36	10.51	10.55	10.64	-0.09	0.0294	0.0290	0.0004	12.98	13.10	12.88	0.22	194.0
3	8:44	9:04	10.48	10.65	10.64	0.01	0.0297	0.0290	0.0007	<del>12.98</del>	<del>13,10</del>	<del>12.88</del>	0.22	193.7
4	9:16	9:36	10.54	10.78	10.63	0.14	0.0299	0.0290	0.0009	12.98	13.07	12.88	0.19	193.6
5	9:48	10:08	10.43	10.68	10.63	0.05	0.0297	0.0290	0.0007	12.99	13.08	12.89	0.19	193.4
6	10:20	10:40	10.50	10.72	10.62	0.10	0.0298	0.0290	0.0008	12.98	13.08	12.89	0.19	193.3
7	10:50	11:10	10.60	10.82	<del>10.6</del> 1	0.21	0.0301	0.0290	0.0011	12.99	13.09	12.90	0.19	192.9
8	11:20	11:40	10.54	10.75	10.57	0.18	0.0300	0.0290	0.0010	12.98	13.11	12.92	0.19	192.3
9	11:49	12:09	10.48	10.68	10.54	0.14	0.0298	0.0290	0.0008	12.99	13.12	12.94	0.18	191.9
10	12:17	12:37	10.49	10.69	10.52	0.17	0.0298	0.0290	0.0008	12.98	13.11	12.95	0.16	191.3
		AVERAGE	-	10.67	10.60	0.07	0.030	0.029	0.00071	-	13.09	12.90	0.19	193.0
		STDS	-	0.083	0.048	0.110	0.00024	0.000	0.00024	-	0.017	0.028	0.017	-
		n		1	9			9				9		
		Full Scale	_	10	02.6			<b>x</b>			21	1.05		
		t <sub>0.975</sub>		2.3	306			2.262			2.3	306		
		1 d l		0.	07			0.0007			0.	19		
		l cc l		0.	08			0.0002			0.	01		
	В	ias present? (IdI > Iccl)		no	bias			bias present			bias p	oresent		
	3 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Bias Factor		1.	01			1.02			1.	.01		
	Relativ	ve Accuracy (20% limit)		1.	4%			3.0%			1.	6%		
	RATA = RA 7.5%	6 for NOx and O2		1.42 %	= Pass			3.0 % = Pass			1.56 %	= Pass		
	RATA = <0.015 lb/	MMBTU for NOx ER			-		0.00	0071 Ib/MMBTU = F	ass			-		

Notes:

RM = Reference Method (RWDI measurements) PEMS = Predictive Emission Monitors (DIG data)

di = Difference between PEMS and RM for each point

n = number of tests

I d I = Absolute mean difference between the PEMS and RM results

# Table 6 - Turbine 3100 - 2023 RATA Results - Part 75

Date: Tuesday, December 05, 2023

7-1515	RWD	DI Time		N	lOx 💦			NOx Emission Rate				D <sub>2</sub>		
Test	Start Time	End	RM (dppm)	RM	PEMS (ppm)	di (nnm)	RM (b/MMBTU	PEMS	di (Ib/min)	RM (d%)	RM (cor%)	PEMS	di (%)	Load
1	7:53	8:13	9.21	9.11	9.47	-0.36	0.0253	0.0260	-0.0007	13.07	13.08	13.0	0.1	186.9
2	8:40	9:00	9.32	9.15	9.46	-0.31	0.0256	0.0260	-0.0004	13.06	13.13	13.0	0.1	186.8
3	9:15	9:35	9.24	9.17	9.47	-0.30	0.0258	0.0260	-0.0002	13.07	13.17	13.0	0.2	186.6
4	9:50	10:10	<del>9.28</del>	<del>9.23</del>	<del>9.72</del>	-0.49	0.0259	0.0250	0.0009	13.07	13.16	12.6	0.6	186.5
5	10:25	10:45	9.25	9.27	9.71	-0.44	0.0261	0.0260	0.0001	13.06	13.17	12.6	0.5	186.7
6	11:00	11:20	9.22	9.26	9.69	-0.43	0.0260	0.0260	0.0000	13.06	13.16	12.7	0.4	186.7
7	11:35	11:55	9.25	9.28	9.69	-0.40	0.0260	0.0260	0.0000	13.05	13.14	12.8	0.4	186.8
8	12:10	12:30	9.21	9.21	9.69	-0.47	0.0259	0.0260	-0.0001	13.03	13.16	12.8	0.4	186.9
9	12:47	13:07	9.22	9.23	9.69	-0.46	0.0260	0.0260	0.0000	13.03	13.17	12.7	0.5	186,6
10	13:18	13:38	9.20	9.25	9.68	-0.43	0.0260	0.0260	0.0000	13.03	13.17	12.8	0.4	186.7
		AVERAGE	<del></del>	9.21	9.62	-0.40	0.0258	0.0260	-0.00015	-	13.15	12.83	0.32	186.7
		STDS	-	0.061	0.11	0.06	0.00025	0.0000	0.00025		0.030	0.15	0.17	-
		n		6	9			9				9		
		Full Scale		10	02.6			-			21	1.05	_	
		t <sub>0.975</sub>		2.3	306			2.262			2.:	306		
		I d I		0.	.40			0.00015			0.	32		
		I cc I		0.	.05			0.00019			0.	13		
	E	Bias present? (Idl > Iccl)		bias j	present			no bias			bias j	oresent		
	and the second second	Bias Factor		0.	.96			0.99			1.	03		
	Relati	ve Accuracy (20% limit)		4.	.9%			1.3%			3.	4%		
	RATA = RA 7.5%	% for NOx and O2		4.87 %	= Pass			1.3 % = Pass			3.44 %	= Pass		
	RATA = <0.015 lb/	MMBTU for NOx ER			-		0.0	0015 lb/MMBTU = P	ass			-		

Notes:

RM = Reference Method (RWDI measurements) PEMS = Predictive Emission Monitors (DIG data)

di = Difference between PEMS and RM for each point

n = number of tests

I d I = Absolute mean difference between the PEMS and RM results



# FIGURES







#### Figure No. 2 Schematic of Traverse Locations Boilers 1100, 2100 and 3100



Dearborn Industrial Generation

December 5th to 7th, 2023

RWDI USA LLC 2239 Star Court Rochester Hills, MI 48309

Dearborn, Michigan



Diameter: 19' x 22' (228" x 264") Effective Diameter: 245 inches

#### Figure No. 3: Schematic of Traverse Locations for Turbine 1100



		Distance from inside Wall													
Point	Port 1	Port 2	Port 3	Port 4	Port 5	Port 6	Port 7								
1	X	Х	Х	16"	Х	Х	Х								
2	X	Х	Х	47"	Х	Х	Х								
3	X	Х	Х	79"	Х	X	Х								

Not to scale

Turbine 1100 Dearborn Industrial Generation

Date: Dec. 7th, 2023

Dearborn, MI

RWDI USA LLC 2239 Star Court Rochester Hills, MI 48309



Figure No. 4 Schematic of Traverse Locations Turbines 2100 and 3100



Dearborn, Michigan